# BSI Worksheet

BSI Case Investigation Table						
	Hos pital Admission D	Oate:/		ICU Admiss	sion Date:/	
Date	First Positive Culture Record information for first positive blood culture on the line with the X.	Window Period Record matching commensal culture and symptoms.	Date of Event (DOE) Indicate DOE with an X.	Secondary BSI Attribution Period Record positive cultures from other body sites collected during the 14 days before DOE and the 7 days after DOE. DOE = Day 1.	Event Timeframe  Record positive cultures from blood cultures collected during the 14 days after the DOE. DOE  = Day 1.	Central Line? (Y/N)
	X					

# CASE SCENARIO

• An 85 year old patient presented to Emergency Department on 1<sup>st</sup> December, with history of head injury. Admitted in ICU on 1<sup>st</sup> December. She is unresponsive, rigid and Glasgow scale is 4. The patient is operated and shifted to ICU with subclavian central line catheter.

On 2<sup>nd</sup> December the she had Fever that continues till 4<sup>th</sup> December. Blood culture is taken on 4<sup>th</sup> December. The culture findings came positive for *Escherichia coli* on 5<sup>th</sup> December. Patient's condition continued to deteriorate and the patient died on 7<sup>th</sup> December. No other samples were sent for Culture.

• A 48 year old male patient was admitted in the hospital emergency on 20<sup>th</sup> November with complaints of fever, cough and chest pain. The patient was shifted to the ICU on 22<sup>nd</sup> November after jugular central line insertion. Blood culture sent on 25<sup>th</sup> November grew *Klebsiella pneumoniae*. After 2 days, blood culture was again sent which was reported to grow *Escherichia coli*. Antibiotics were initiated based on the AST reports and the patient was shifted to the ward on 1<sup>st</sup> December.

• 28-year-old male patient who presented with a severe traumatic brain injury was admitted to hospital on 1<sup>st</sup> October and on 2<sup>nd</sup> October shifted to ICU. A central line (subclavian) was inserted on 3<sup>rd</sup> October and the patient was ventilated. On 4<sup>th</sup> October at 10 PM, blood cultures were sent, that came positive for *Klebsiella pneumoniae*. Antibiotics were started and on 10<sup>th</sup> October patient was shifted to ward.

• A 52 year old male patient had road traffic accident and admitted to the hospital on 14th March. He was immediately operated for fracture femur following which the patient was shifted to the ICU on 15th March. On 17th March, a central line was inserted. On 18<sup>th</sup> March the patient presents with high grade fever and rigors. On 20th March paired blood culture was sent which grew Staphylococcus epidermidis. The fever continues and on 21st March again single blood culture was sent which grew Acinetobacter baumannii. The central line was removed on 21st March following which the fever subsided and on 25<sup>th</sup> March the patient was shifted to the respective orthopaedic ward.

• A 70-year-old female patient was referred from other hospital on 28<sup>th</sup> November with pain in the right lower abdomen region since past 30 days. The patient was diagnosed to have carcinoma pancreas. Urinary catheter and central line were inserted on 29th November and surgery was performed. On 1<sup>st</sup> December, patient was admitted in ICU. On 5<sup>th</sup> December, urine cultures were sent which grew *Escherichia coli* (10\*5 cfu/ml). On 6<sup>th</sup> December, there was acute deterioration in general condition, with tachycardia and hypotension. Temperature was 39.5°C. Blood cultures sent on 7<sup>th</sup> December, which grew *Escherichia coli*. On 15<sup>th</sup> December the patient's general condition improved and was shifted to ward.